

MIM120 Web and Mobile Marketing

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Term, year:	Winter, 2025
Number of ECTS:	6
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1. Module Description

This unit looks at the effective use of website and mobile marketing techniques to promote products and services on the Internet, as well as at their growing role in marketing strategies of organizations, which has important implications for how consumers, channels and companies perform. Students will learn to set objectives, develop website and mobile marketing campaigns, measure campaigns results, utilize lead generation media technologies and appraise the macro-environmental issues affecting digital marketing developments, such as privacy and data protection issues. This unit also covers the use of digital marketing analytics tools that are used to gather data on website/mobile app efficiency, purchase behavior, and digital consumers' attitudes. Upon completion of the unit, students will be able to critically judge



the characteristics of different lead generation media and create web and mobile marketing campaigns with targeted objectives and outcome measurements.

NOTE: The content of this module is regulated by the Malta Further and Higher Education Authority (MFHEA).

2. Module Learning Outcomes

Competencies – at the end of the module/unit the learner will have acquired the responsibility and autonomy to:

- a) C.1. Take responsibility for contributing to professional knowledge and practice by evaluating how to efficiently use various lead generation media and professional web and mobile marketing approaches to promote goods and services on the Internet;
- b) C.2. Has the learning skills to allow continuation to study various web and mobile marketing domains in a manner that may be largely self-directed or autonomous;
- c) C.3. Take responsibility for adapting the management of website and mobile marketing projects reflecting the dynamic nature of the digital environment and changing circumstances related to emerging techniques, technologies, and methodologies around SEM, SEO, ASO, and UX.

Skills – at the end of the module/unit the learner will have acquired the following skills:

Applying knowledge and understanding

The learner will be able to:

- a) S.1. Be able to innovate in complex and unpredictable digital contexts by creating web and mobile marketing strategies with targeted objectives and outcome measurements and by selecting and tracking appropriate metrics of success for each SEM and lead generation medium;
- b) S.2. Demonstrate capability in using digital data analytics tools to draw inferences from data to answer descriptive, predictive, and prescriptive questions relevant to web and mobile marketing managers and execution of web and mobile marketing campaigns while demonstrating ethical competency pertaining to the selection and use of analytics applied to digital marketing;
- c) S.3. Be able to take an active part in multidisciplinary projects related to website and mobile applications development by contributing with the knowledge of user experience, customer journey, search engine optimisation (SEO), and monetization approaches in mobile marketing.

Judgement Skills and Critical Abilities – at the end of the module/unit the learner will have acquired the following judgement skills and critical abilities:

The learner will be able to:

a) JS. 1.Perform critical evaluation and analysis of macro-environmental issues of web and mobile marketing such as privacy, security, regulation, political impact, and new/emerging



- technologies and reflect on social and ethical responsibilities linked to the application of digital marketing techniques in promoting goods and services;
- b) JS.2. Critically analyze advantages and disadvantages of building a mobile app versus developing a mobile web site depending on business purposes and a particular context;
- c) JS.3. Critically judge the characteristics of different lead generation media and be able to select those that are suitable to solve a particular marketing problem and/or achieve a specific target/objective.

3. Module Topics and Content

Week	Topics and Content	Class Activities	Assessment	Readings
Week 1	Module Introduction Foundations of Mobile Technological Perspective Customer Perspective Corporate Perspective Marketing Mobile Marketing Types Mobile apps vs. Mobile webs	Activity 1: Learning by Doing: Setting up the Google Account Students are invited to register in Google Skillshops and start their training for the formative assessment 1. They need to access: https://skillshop.exceedlms.com/student/path/18330-google-ads-measurement-certification and initiate the course. They also need to register here and initiate the other course https://skillshop.exceedlms.com/student/path/18128-google-ads-search-certification 20 minutes in class to browse the topics and familiarize themselves with the platform.	Formative Assessment 1: Google NMIS Get into groups of 3- 5. Pick a team captain and each student registers at the NMI website as students in this course. Get on the NMI platform and get the MEASUREMENT certification: https://skillshop.exce edlms.com/student/p ath/18330-google- ads-measurement- certification 2.5% Formative Grade Get on the NMI platform and get the Google Ads certification https://skillshop.exce edlms.com/student/p ath/18128-google- ads-search- certification 2.5% of Formative Grade Certificates to be submitted by each student before Week 2 on the VLE.	Kingsnorth, S. (2019). Digital Marketing Strategy: An Integrated Approach to Online Marketing. Kogan Page Publishers. Chapter 1-3



			See 4.1.1 for more	
			details.	
	Class 2: Main steps in developing website and	Activity 2: Collaborative Work - Buyer Persona Definition		van Laer, T., & Lurie, I. (2018). The Seven Stages of the
	mobile campaigns	Develop a buyer persona profile for an electric vehicle.		Digital Marketing Cycle. Contemporary Issues in Digital
	Defining the right target audiences and campaign objectives	The lecturer will pick one student from each group to share their buyer persona.		Marketing: New Paradigms, Perspectives and Practices (2018).
	The campaign's time horizon	The rest of the class should analyze the usefulness of the		Hua, H. (2019). <i>Mobile</i> <i>Marketing</i>
	Lead flow requirements	information for web/mobile marketing purposes.		Management: Case Studies from Successful
	Business objectives	Group (3-5 participants) in class assignment.		Practices. CRC Press. Part 6
	Allocation of budget	20 minutes		
	Development of effective pricing strategies for a mobile app			
	Class 3:	Activity 3: Project-	Formative	Alekseeva, N.,
	Website and	based Learning	Assessment 2:	Stroganova, O.,
	mobile marketing	Divide the class into	Google NMI Setting	& Vasilenok, V.
	as the strategic	4 groups. Let them	up a Google Ads Account	(2019, September).
	promotion of a	research the answer		Identifying
	website/app	to the following question: How the	Please consult section 4.1.2.	Trends in the
Week	Drive relevant	GAFA (Google,		Development of Marketing in the
2	traffic to the site	Amazon, Facebook,	To be ready before	Digital Age.
	Review the	and Apple) oligopoly	class 4.	In International
	dominant ecosystems in	impacts web and mobile marketing	5% of Formative	Conference on
	the web and	opportunities?	Grade	Digital
	mobile market	Each group should	NMI Group	Technologies in Logistics and
	How the GAFA	answer the question	Assignment.	Infrastructure
	(Google,			



	Amazon, Facebook, Apple) oligopoly impacts web and mobile marketing opportunities	for one of the companies. Let the students reflect on recent innovation, developments and projects that each company is working on related to web/mobile	To be uploaded individually on the VLE.	(ICDTLI 2019). Atlantis Press.
		marketing. Let them present their findings to the class. 20 minutes		
	Class 4: The role of a website for a modern organization Growth of revenues and review the role of a website in the lead generation process and conversion	Activity 4: Learning by Doing: Creativity exercises – Lead Flow Chart Design a Lead Flow chart for a GAFA generated lead. You can use templates as examples. Group (3-5 participants) in class assignment. 15-25 minutes		Rosário, A., & Raimundo, R. (2021). Consumer Marketing Strategy and E- Commerce in the Last Decade: A Literature Review. Journal of Theoretical & Applied Electronic Commerce Research, 16(7), 3003–3024.
Week 3	Class 5: Data protection and privacy issues relevant to website and mobile marketing GDPR, Privacy Shield Frameworks Explore the trade-offs between	Activity 5: Direct Question and Response Research Activity Research the different elements between the USA and the EU GDPR. Why does Facebook spend more money on people from the USA than people who are European?	Formative Assessment 3: Google NMI Buyer Persona In your NMI team, define who your buyer persona is going to be. Build the profile of 4 different buyer personas in different moments of their customer journey.	Ghosh, D. (2018). How GDPR Will Transform Digital Marketing. Harvard Business Review. Park, E. (2019). Motivations for Customer Revisit Behavior in Online Review Comments: Analyzing the Role of User
	promotion and intrusion,		Be as specific as possible.	Experience Using Big Data



targeting and privacy Value-exchatexpectations	participants) in class assignment.	Define their customer journey and service blueprint. Word count: 1000 words maximum 6% of Formative Grade To be uploaded individually on the VLE.	Approaches. Jour nal of Retailing and Consumer Services, 51, 14-18.
Class 6: The role of content in ditraffic and enhancing engagement the website Creating corfor the purpor of digital marketing by introducing to concept of Search Engi Optimization (SEO)	at this Bosch web story: https://www.bosch.com/stories/hydrogen truck/ a) Identify the most interesting and relevant content and aspects for the Bosch Global communities.	Formative Assessment 4: Google NMI Keywords Identification and A/B testing Identify the keywords relevant to your NGO that you will use in your Ads campaigns. You can use tools presented in class or others that you feel are relevant. Use the list of keywords that you have established before for your NGO and set up A/B Testing scenarios on your Google Ads campaigns. NMI Team assignment. 6% of Formative Grade Please refer to section 4.1.3. To be uploaded individually on the VLE.	Aashirwad Kumar, G. (2020). An Analytical Study of Search Engine Optimization (SEO) Techniques: To Maximize Number of Travelers on an E-Content Material Website. International Journal of Management (IJM), 11(1) Duong, V. (2019). SEO Management: Methods and Techniques to Achieve Success. John Wiley & Sons. Chapter 4



	1	1	T	
		concrete asset(s) (e.g. pictures) for your posts and tweet.		
		How could the content of the web story https://www.bosch.com/stories/hydrogen truck/ be used for further postings on the Bosch Global social media channels?		
		Please briefly describe your ideas for probable future use of the content on social media (bullet points)		
		Work in pairs.		
		20 minutes		
	Class 7: Paid Search Engine Marketing (SEM)	Activity 7: Problem Solving: Calculate the Customer Lifetime Value of a Netflix User	4.1.4 Formative Assessment 5: Testing Methodologies and Strategies	Papagiannis, N. (2020). Effective SEO and Content Marketing: The Ultimate Guide
	Lead generation SEO vs SEM, and pay-per-click marketing	Students are provided with numerical data about Netflix users for a given time. Please consult section 4.3.1 for more details.	Testing the efficiency of our campaigns on a smaller sample before we launch is vital to optimize the results of any	for Maximizing Free Web Traffic. John Wiley & Sons. Chapter 6 and Chapter 7.
Week 4	Review main SEM platforms, SEM targeting mechanisms and SEM best practices	PART A: Students are expected to calculate the customer lifetime value based on the information provided. PART B: Students are	marketing activity. Testing means: Comparing a baseline sample against several test samples.	
	CLTV, ARPU	asked to recalculate the CLT with new numbers to decide if a change in strategy is needed.	4.5% of Formative Grade	
		Individual in class assignment. 20 minutes		
		Register at Neil Patel site.		



Week 5	How effective marketing emails convert prospects into customers Generating customer loyalty No Classes Class 9: Mobile marketing as a dominant	Register on Mailchimp and prepare a massive email to present your new app to the current and past clients. Individual assignment 30 minutes Activity 9: Brainstorming – Mobile Technology Tendencies	Optimizing your Campaign Optimize your campaigns once have been running see where improvements compaigns once the made. Please consult section 4.1.5. 6% of Formative Grade Formative Assessment 7: Case Study 1	van Dinr S. A	Matos, N. (2019). Digital Marketing Actions That Achieve a Better Attraction and Loyalty of Users: An Analytical Study. Future Internet, 11(6), 130. Heerde, H. J., ner, I. M., & Neslin, a. (2019). Engaging Unengaged
	Class 8: Email marketing How effective		Formative Assessment 6: Google NMI Optimizing your Campaign		López García, J. J., Lizcano, D., Ramos, C. M., & Matos, N. (2019). <i>Digital</i>



		business on the	
		Internet.	
		This is an individual task.	
		To be uploaded on the VLE.	
		Word count: 700-100 words approx.	
		12.5% of Formative Grade	
		Please consult section 4.1.6.	
Class 10:	Activity 10: Collaborative Task	Formative Assessment	Tong, S., Luo, X., & Xu, B. (2020). Personalized
Location-based services (devices and beacons, integrated data, services, and check-ins) Reflect on the growing trend of geolocation use in mobile marketing Mobile ecosystems: operating systems, browsers, apps, and marketplace	Collaborative Task - GEO Marketing Do some research on: What are the differences between geolocation, geofencing, geosocial and geotagging? What is the primary difference between active geofences and passive geofences? In groups of 2-3 find examples of each geo-marketing tactic. Share with the class. 15-20 minutes	Rasessment 8: Case Study 2 Karen's Pet Shop is looking to increase its social media buzz by getting customers to check in at their location. Karen decided to give a 10% off pet starter pack to customers who share pictures of the pets currently up for adoption while they are in the store. What other geo features can you use to reach the objective?	B. (2020). Personalized Mobile Marketing Strategies. Journal of the Academy of Marketing Science, 48 (1), 64-78.
		12.5% of Formative Grade	
		1	



		1	T - 1	
			To be uploaded on	
			the VLE.	
			uie vLL.	
			Word count:	
			700-100 words	
			approx.	
	1			
	Class 11:	Activity 11:	Formative	Scholz, J., & Duffy, K.
		Brainstorming/Dis	Assessment 9:	(2018). We Are at
	User experience	cussion – Mobile	Practical Skills	Home: How
	(UX) and explore	Apps User	Assessment -	Augmented Reality
	the role of UX in	Experience	Google NMI	Reshapes Mobile
	digital customer	Share a screenshot	Content Calendar	Marketing and
	experience and conversion	with an example of	Calendar	Consumer-brand
	Conversion	a mobile site or	Build a 1-month	Relationships. Journal
	User interface	application you use.	content calendar	of Retailing and Consumer
	(UI)	What is your	for your NMI	Services, 44, 11-23.
	(01)	experience	NGO building up	00111063, 11 , 11-23.
	Responsive	navigating the	on your SEO and	
	design,	mobile site? What	SEM efforts.	
	accessibility,	functions or utilities	Identify relevant	
	performance	does the application	blog content,	
	optimisation,	provide for you?	social media	
	browser	What additional	posts and email	
	compatibility	features or	marketing structures to	
		resources would be	ensure that	
		valuable to you?	customers are	
		Students will	guided through	
Week		individually share	your digital	
7		their experience	presence to the	
_		with the class.	point of purchase	
			(online or off).	
		15 minutes	,	
			You can use	
			tools presented in class or others	
			that you feel are	
			relevant.	
			NMI Team	
			assignment	
			7.5% of	
			Formative Grade	
			To be unloaded	
			To be uploaded individually on	
			the VLE.	
	Class 12:	Activity 12: Group	Formative	Berman, B. (2016).
	l la da sata a dia a di	Work - ASO	Assignment	Planning and
	Understanding of	Analyze and	10: Case Study	Implementing
	mobile media by	compare the ASO	3 - Growth	Effective Mobile
	exploring different	strategies used by		Marketing Programs.
	ullielellt	-		



	available mobile traffic sources, pros and cons, and optimisation principles App store Search Optimisation (ASO), App store paid ads, affiliates, DSPs, messaging, etc. and review techniques for mobile users' acquisition Growth Hacking techniques	the messaging apps (e.g. WeChat and Telegram or Line on both Google Play and AppStore Work in pairs. 15 minutes	Hacking Strategy Remember Karen's Pet Shop (Formative Assignment 7) Create a Growth Hacking strategy for a startup that wants to launch its new mobile app. 12.5% of Formative Grade Word count: 500 words approx.	Business Horizons, 59 (4), 431-439
Week 8	Class 13: Monetization approaches Enhancing monetization through mobile advertising Maximizing yield with partners and payment model Improving success with a firm grasp on mediation layer's prioritisation mechanisms, biases, behavior preferences, and technical needs	Activity 13: Creativity Exercise/Feedback from Others – Growth Hacking Create a Growth Hacking strategy for a startup that wants to launch its new mobile app. Share your strategy with the class and give feedback to each other. Work in pairs. 20 minutes	Formative Assignment 11: Case Study 4 – Peugeot 107 Please consult section 4.1.7. Individual formative assignment to be uploaded on the VLE. 12.5% of Formative Grade Word count: 700- 1000 words approx.	Feiz, D., Zarei, A., Mibashrazgah, M. M., & Shaabani, A. (2021). Typology of Growth Hacking Strategies Along the Growth Hacking Funnel. Iranian Journal of Management Studies, 14(2), 331–346.
	Class 14: Measuring the results of website/mobile marketing campaigns Data analytics tools and techniques	Activity 14: Learning by Doing Google Analytics Students are asked to access the Google Analytics Demo account. https://support.google.com/analytics/answer/6367342#access		Kingsnorth, S. (2019). Digital Marketing Strategy: An Integrated Approach to Online Marketing. Kogan Page Publishers. Part Four Conversion, Retention and Measurement.



	Utilizing obtained results to plan future campaigns	&zippy=%2Cin-this- article. Understand the requirements to		
	and draw	best serve your		
	conclusions on	existing customers		
	customer	Look at your existing		
	behavior patterns	analytics for your current website		
		☐ What percentage		
		of users are coming		
		from		
		mobile?		
		☐ What is the mobile		
		bounce rate vs.		
		desktop bounce rate?		
		☐ What are the most		
		common mobile		
		devices?		
		☐ Are your mobile		
		visitors phone or		
		tablet based?		
		Individual task		
		15-20 minutes		
	Class 15			
Week	Revision			
9				
Week 10 & 11	Submission of the	e Summative Assessm	ent Activities	

4. Module Assessment

The assessment of this Module consists of Formative and Summative assessment activities listed in the table 1 below:

Table 1:

Face-to	-Face 100%
Formative	Summative
16.5 hours	13.5 hours
Practical Skills Assessment/ Management of Accounts (in groups) - 40%	Project Output (in groups) – 50%
Set Exercise/Case Study – 50%	Written Assignment (2000 words) – 50%



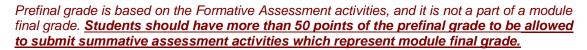


Table 2:

Formative	Summative
Oral Assessment/ Online Participation:	
On a weekly basis, students will have to	
participate in a discussion forum, with	
questions covering the topics of the week.	
This will help students to be in contact with	
different perspectives due to the diversity	
of participation, as well as to develop	
proficiency in understanding and applying	
concepts and developing critical thinking.	
Practical Skills Assessment/	Project Output:
Management of Accounts: Throughout	Students need to submit Pre-
the unit, students work on Google Online	Campaign Strategy and Post-
Marketing Challenge in groups	Campaign Report (in groups).
https://get.google.com/onlinechallenge/the-	
<u>challenge/</u>	
a real digital marketing project for a real	
NGO.	
To start the project, students need to get	
Google Ads Search	
Certification and Google Ads	
Measurement Certification.	
Set Exercise/Case Study: Throughout the	Written Assignment: Students are
unit, students solve set exercises related	given a company for which they
to real situations associated with mobile	need to design and develop a mobile
marketing. E.g. analyze and compare the	app marketing plan including
ASO strategies used by the messaging	concept, user experience, strategy,
apps (e.g. WeChat and Telegram or Line	technology, market, and
on both Google Play and AppStore). Find	implementation.
an example of each type of app according	
to the marketing objectives; Create a	
growth hacking strategy for a start-up that	
wants to launch its new mobile app.	

The passing grade for the module is 60%.

4.1 Formative Assessment

For all formative assessment activities related to the NMI Challenge please log on to your Google email account. Otherwise, you might not be able to access the relevant documentation.

You can also find here the Student's Toolkit.

4.1.1. Formative Assessment 1

To participate in NMI, you must register under an approved lecturer or advisor. Your lecturer will need to register and get approved by Google before you can register as a student.



Once your lecturer has been approved, one team member should register as a Team Captain here:

Student teams for this assignment should have between 3-5 team members.

Once you are registered, you will be asked to complete 2 Google certifications to proceed. You can find these certifications either by following the steps on the NMI platform or by following the links below:

- For the MEASUREMENT certification: https://skillshop.exceedlms.com/student/path/18330-google-ads-measurement-certification
- For the Google Ads certification https://skillshop.exceedlms.com/student/path/18128-google-ads-search-certification

Certificates to be submitted before Week 2 on the VLE.

Please note that it can take a few days for lecturers to get approved, and it can take up to 10 business days to get matched with a nonprofit once you complete your Captain profile and submit a request to be matched, so plan accordingly when deciding when to register.

4.1.2. Formative Assessment 2: NMI Google Ads

LOG ON TO YOUR GOOGLE ACCOUNT WITH WHICH YOU ARE WORKING ON THE NMI CHALLENGE.

Unless you do so, the links will NOT work.

Set up an Ads Manager account (see https://support.google.com/google-ads/answer/7459399). Email your nonprofit to set up time for a Kickoff Meeting.

Once your nonprofit has replied to your email and confirmed their participation, send your nonprofit a request to link accounts (see https://support.google.com/google-ads/answer/7459601). Don't send a request to link accounts until the nonprofit has confirmed they can work with your team.

Once your nonprofit has accepted your request to link accounts, you can look at their Ad Grants account before you meet with them for the first time.

Before making any changes to your nonprofit's Ad Grants account, start by <u>downloading Google Ads Editor</u>, an offline editing tool, and following these <u>instructions</u> to export the entire account as a spreadsheet (.csv). Share this .csv file with your nonprofit partner as a backup for their current account structure in case they choose to revert to their original setup at the end of your partnership. (Refer to these <u>import instructions</u> for reverting to previous account structures using Google Ads Editor). Review the client's website before you meet with them for the first time, so you have a good understanding of their mission and potential advertising goals. Hold a Kickoff Meeting with your nonprofit. Complete a Pre-Campaign Report

It should contain the following sections:

- 1. Nonprofit Overview
 - a. Organization name
 - b. Website
 - c. Cause area (Housing, environment, human services, etc).
 - d. Location
 - e. Organization size





- g. Services or products they offer
- 2. Market and Target Audience Analysis
 - a. Demographics
 - b. Geographics
 - c. Behaviorgraphics
 - d. Psychographics
- 3. Current Marketing
 - a. Online
 - b. Offline
- 4. Current Google Ads Account Performance
 - a. Impressions
 - b. Clicks
 - c. CTRs
 - d. Conversion Rates
- 5. Identify Future Marketing Goals
 - a. Create Awareness
 - i. How much website traffic are they currently getting?
 - ii. Are they actively tracking changes in website traffic?
 - iii. What are their total impressions? Clicks? CTR?
 - iv. What are they trying to achieve? What messages are they trying to convey?
 - b. Increase Donations
 - i. What are their fundraising goals?
 - ii. How are they tracking donations on their website?
 - iii. What is the target profile of some of their existing donors? (e.g., elderly, under 30, outdoors enthusiasts, etc)
 - c. Recruit Volunteers
 - i. How many volunteers do they currently have?
 - ii. How can they utilize Ad Grants to recruit more volunteers?
 - iii. Are they tracking volunteer sign-ups as conversions on their website?
 - d. Promote Events
 - i. What type of events are they trying to promote?
 - ii. What's the scale of these events? Goal of these events?
 - iii. Do they run any seasonal campaigns to promote these events?
 - iv. How can they use Ad Grants to promote these events?
- 6. Identify Account Performance Metrics and Goals
 - a. Clicks/Traffic
 - b. CRT
 - c. Conversion Rate
 - d. Conversion Value
- 7. Campaign Weekly Plan Summary

Upload your Pre-Campaign Report to the VLE. Email your Pre-Campaign Report to your nonprofit client for their approval. Once they approve it, you can begin to build your campaigns!

4.1.3. Checklist: building campaigns that meet your client's needs

LOG ON TO YOUR GOOGLE ACCOUNT WITH WHICH YOU ARE WORKING ON THE NMI CHALLENGE.

Unless you do so, the links will NOT work. Please follow these steps to complete Section 2 and consult the Help & FAQs folder and Help Center articles linked in the Guides and Materials



for any technical account questions related to campaign setup. (https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1-40zaKF94w0laZGGh4uyn3-csRRMnNhx).

Important: Take time to read and understand what makes a relevant and effective Search Ad before you create campaigns (see

https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/1z1y25absd0PxEMOBGDh-Lc8WOLcihlZXbELqDvBqQq/edit#slide=id.g37198dd471 7 103).

Build campaigns that meet the goals outlined in your Pre-Campaign Report and ensure they are consistent with Ad Grants policy requirements (see

https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/1cU5g1aE885oBRn6b0nHXwjnMVMMzpclG9tolQkpdSwM/edit#slide=id.g8de232b778 1 9).

Communicate regularly with your client so they are aware of what you're building in their account. Don't go silent on them for weeks!

To Upload on the VLE.

Following the Best Practices Document you can find in your NMI Google Project folder (https://support.google.com/google-ads/answer/9247190) compile a preliminary list of keywords relevant to your NGO.

Go on Google Trends and study the keywords traffic for the last year for the relevant market of your NGO: **Upload on VLE the list of the top 20 keywords based on your findings.**

4.1.4 Formative Assessment 5: testing methodologies and strategies

Testing the efficiency of our campaigns on a smaller sample before we launch is vital to optimize the results of any marketing activity. Testing means: Comparing a baseline sample against several test samples.

Example: Which home screen layout of an app attracts more user interaction? There are two main testing methodologies:

- A/B testing Testing where you would compare 2 versions of the same ad and evaluate whether one is more effective than the other and why.
- Multivariate testing Testing more than one variable of a campaign at a time.

Exercise task

Use the list of keywords that you have established before for your NGO and set up A/B Testing scenarios on your Google Ads campaigns. Follow the instructions here https://support.google.com/optimize/answer/6211930?hl=en.

Find out more about A/B testing here: https://creativewebsitemarketing.com/how-to-a-b-test-ingoogle-ads/

To submit on the VLE:

- Submit a 200–500-word report on the results.
- Include analytics results as you see fit.
- Speculate on why one campaign was more effective than the other.
- Work together with your NMI Group.

4.1.5 Formative Assessment 6: assessing and optimizing account performance



It's time to analyze how well your campaigns are performing. Follow these steps to complete Section 3

(https://docs.google.com/document/d/179TW9Ttooc9YkiW2di6ZfJVgb5pVxPxeynKXQrAvHOQ/edit).

Regularly check how your campaigns are performing in relation to the goals you set out to accomplish in your Pre-Campaign Report.

Examples:

- Check impressions
- Check clicks
- Check clickthrough rate (CTR)
- Check conversions

Optimize your campaigns once they have been running to see where improvements could be made.

Continue to communicate regularly with your nonprofit while making optimizations so they are aware of what's working/not working in their account. This also helps them learn along with you!

If your ads are not performing, go back and review the Making Ads Effective and Relevant guide from previous section to understand how your ad copy, ad groups, keywords, and landing pages should all be closely related.

Complete a Post-Campaign Report after campaigns have been running for at least 4 weeks. To be uploaded individually on the VLE.

Word count: 1000-2000 words approx.

4.1.6 Formative Assessment 7 Case Study 1: Spring Field Hotel

It is fantastic for hiking and short walks in a natural rural setting. The hotel stands in 40 acres of rural Scottish countryside – with lochs and small copses, which are typical of the area and provide a habitat for salmon and water birds.

Rural Field Hotel is a 40-bed hotel, 4-star hotel located in the Scottish Highlands near Inverness. It is an historic building, which was once owned by Sir Frazer John – a retired Naval officer – with a passion for wildlife, especially fish and wild birds.

Exercise task

Spring Field Hotel needs advice upon how to promote itself using web-based technologies. Advise them on methods of marketing their business on the Internet.

Word count: 700-1000 words approx. To be uploaded on the VLE.

4.1.7 Formative Assessment 11 Case Study 4: Peugeot 107

South Africa's mobile community grossly outweighs the number of people with access to the Internet, so it was up to Saatchi & Saatchi's digital department, AtPlay, to find a way to bring the interactive Peugeot Break Free campaign to a web and mobile market.





Source: https://saylordotorg.github.io/text emarketing-the-essential-guide-to-online-marketing/s19-07-case-study-peugeot-107-s-break.html

The mobile chat network, MXit, has nine million users in the country and was the perfect portal to seed a comprehensive campaign—along with support across other social networks such as Facebook and Myspace.

Competing with the Toyota Aygo and Citroen C1, which were launched around the same time, Peugeot's 107 campaign reached out to the younger, style-conscious generation on MXit who may not be buying cars just yet but are influential with their car-purchasing parents.

The first step was to create a branded splash screen and Peugeot 107 profile. The 107 MXit profile fed information about the campaign from the Web site directly to the users—some content being hidden for the only the keenest eye to spot.

Templates of the car allowed the public to design their dream Peugeot 107, and it was up to the voters to pick the winner. The finalists were all sent t-shirts featuring a unique Semacode, or bar-coded URL (uniform resource locator) address, to give to their friends and family. Taking a photo of the encrypted image with a Semacode-enabled camera phone meant that the users could navigate directly to the voting page via their mobile device.

MXit background themes, or "skinz," based on the finalists' designs were also specially created, and seven thousand were downloaded within an hour.

Please answer the following questions:

- How did the use of mobile technology increase interactivity with this campaign?
- How was mobile technology used to complement other campaign channels?
- How was the success of the campaign measured? What other metrics could be used to judge the success of a campaign like this?

To be uploaded on the VLE.

Word count: 700 -1000 words approx.



4.2. Summative Assessment

4.2.1. Summative Assessment 1

Task

The students are required to finish a Google NMI project throughout the course. The deliverables include Pre-Campaign Strategy and Post-Campaign Report (in groups).

Objectives

This project aims to help students:

- Gain hands-on experience with Google Ads
- Develop valuable analytical and consulting skills
- Help nonprofits make a significant impact

Students are expected to follow the Pre- and-Post Campaign report template as provided by Google and respect its format, structure and referencing.

Guidelines

- The submission of final assessment(s) will take place in week 10.
- The recommended format is Times New Roman font size 12 or Arial 11 with 1.5 spacing and page numbers on all pages except the title page. As technology advances, we can consider more creative designs, but these must be discussed with the professor.
- Students must upload a PDF version on the VLE platform. Each student is expected to submit their own copy. No late submissions will be accepted.
- Students are expected to follow the APA citation format.
- Students will be graded following the rubric summarized below.

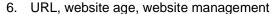
General rules:

- If you use external sources of information in your work, do not forget that you are expected to use APA referencing style both in-text and on a reference page. Reference ALL THE SOURCES that you have used.
- Please do NOT use abbreviations or personal pronouns in academic writing. Failure to do so will result in -10% of your final grade of the assignment
- Please do NOT start sentences with AND, SO, BUT, OR, ALSO in English.
- Include your name on ALL the pages.

Allocation of Marks

- 1. Pre-Campaign Strategy Report (30 points total, maximum four pages):
- a. NGO Overview describes the NGO's business, objectives, target audience, etc. (12 points). As a foundation for the proposed AdWords Strategy, this section provides a brief overview of the client and its marketing.
- i. Client profile (2 points, a few sentences including some of the following. Please note that clients may not want to share some information. You may note this in the report if this is the case)
- 1. Name, location
- 2. Sales and number of employees
- 3. Goods and services offered
- 4. Key online marketing personnel
- 5. Age of the company





- 7. Company presence and sales via online and offline channels
- 8. Other relevant information
- ii. Market analysis (4 points, about a paragraph including some of the following)
- 1. Current and potential customers
- 2. Current and potential competitors
- 3. Overview of the industry (key characteristics, competitive/saturated/mature)
- 4. Projected and historical online spend for the industry
- 5. Market position/specialties
- 6. Unique selling points of the goods/services offered
- 7. Seasonality of their goods/services or seasonality that the company has identified
- 8. Other relevant market information
- iii. Current marketing (4 points)
 - A couple of paragraphs including some of the following:
- 1. Website uses, e.g. sales, customer service
- 2. Website strengths and weaknesses
- 3. Website visibility, page position, incoming links, a few keyword search results
- 4. Online advertising, and offline promotion of the URL
- 5. If available, summary information from Google Analytics or other third party web tracking software
- 6. Email campaigns
- 7. Offline advertising
- 8. Other online or offline marketing
- iv. Conclusion on how the AdWords campaign should align with the client's business (2 points, a few sentences)
- b. Proposed AdWords Strategy (13 points)
 - Based on an analysis of the client, its website and marketing, each team should craft an appropriate AdWords Strategy and metrics for its campaign. The proposed strategy should include:
- i. Number of Ad Groups and the focus for each Ad Group.
- ii. Keywords and negative keywords
- iii. Text for at least two AdWords versions
- iv. Daily and weekly plans for spending their campaign budget
- v. Network(s) for their AdWords ads
- vi. Target audience settings
- vii. Ad Serving options
- viii. Keyword Bidding
- ix. Geotargeting
- x. Goals for impressions, clicks, CPC and CTR
- xi. Proposed success metrics
- xii. Other relevant information
- c. Communication and readability (5 points) The report should have a logical flow, be easy to follow, and avoid grammatical mistakes.
- 2. Post-Campaign Summary Report (70 points total, maximum eight pages)
- Executive Summary (8 points). This stand-alone document provides your client with a project snapshot and highlights four key factors:
- i. Campaign Overview a basic review of the project by introducing the campaign goals and operational details.
- ii. Key results the overall campaign performance as well as each ad group's performance. You should reference each group as well as the overall campaign. This section should provide a brief overview of key metrics.
- iii. Conclusion a clear synthesis of the report content and key items. This is your chance to tie together the entire package and focus the client's attention on important project aspects.
- iv. Future Online Marketing Recommendations simple, actionable and well-justified advice on your client's future online marketing, particularly in relation to the website and AdWords.



- v. Develop the Executive Summary after you generate all other content, as it summarizes and will overlap with your Industry Component content.
- b. Industry Component (28 points) This is the team's chance to share the results with their client and expand upon the Executive Summary. The ideal approach is to write the Industry Component first and then summarize this content for the Executive Summary. As a rule, you would include most if not all of your Charts, Tables and Figures in your Industry Component and cover the following areas:
- i. Campaign overview:
- 1. Review the major campaign goals (strategic goals as well as metrics: CTR, CPC, Impressions, etc.) set prior to the project and discuss your general strategies for approaching each goal.
- 2. Operational details (campaign dates, money spent, ad groups used). Review the basic schedule and cost structure you followed, your methods for monitoring the account, etc.
- ii. Evolution of Your Campaign Strategy:
- 1. What were the major changes you made during the campaign and what led to these changes?
- 2. How did these changes affect your campaign?
- 3. Key Results Summarize your results based on three weeks of data, such as:
- a. Overall performance of the campaign and individual ad groups.
- b. Performance of the initial campaign and changes in performance following your optimization efforts
- c. Keyword combinations that were effective and ineffective.
- d. Your success stories and quick, but clear references to failures you experienced.
- e. When discussing performance, refer to metrics such as:
- i. Impressions
- ii. Clicks
- iii. Click Through Rate
- iv. Average Cost per Keyword
- v. Total Cost of Campaign
- vi. Other metrics provided by the client, such as conversions
- iii. Conclusions Synthesize the Industry Component, tie together the entire package and focus your client's attention on the key project aspects. Take this opportunity to repackage information from the data section to display your practical lessons learned with the client. The goal is to develop a great transition that summarizes the critical results and starts to link these results to the future recommendations in the next section.
- iv. Future Recommendations Provide simple, actionable and well-justified advice on your client's future online marketing, particularly in relation to AdWords and the website
- c. Learning Component (14 points), The teams' reflection on what they learned should cover four points
- i. Learning objectives and outcomes what did the team hope to learn? How well did the team meet their learning expectations and the Challenge learning objectives? What else did they learn? What key outcome as will the team remember? What were the expected and unexpected outcomes from participating in the Challenge?
- ii. Group dynamics what problems did the team encounter and more importantly, how did they overcome these problems? What were some expected and unexpected outcomes from working as a group?
- iii. Client dynamics what problems did they encounter and as importantly, how did they overcome these problems? What were some expected and unexpected outcomes from working with the client?
- iv. Future recommendations what would they do differently in the future to improve their campaign strategy, learning experience, group dynamics and client dynamics?
- d. Communication and Readability (10 points), The Post-Campaign Summary should have a logical flow, be easy to follow and avoid grammatical mistakes.
- e. Relevant use of Tables, Figures and Charts (10 points).
- i. Teams should intersperse relevant charts, tables, figures in the report to illustrate their results. In addition, teams should label and refer to the charts, tables and figures in the body of the report. Appendices are not permitted. Charts, Tables and Figures count towards the total





number of pages.

4.2.2. Summative Assessment 2

Task

Choose one of the options below and design and develop a mobile app marketing plan including concept, user experience, strategy, technology, market, and implementation for the chosen option.

Option 1. Spot the Fake

Spot the Fake is an educational social platform that helps improve users' news literacy skills. The spread of fake news has become a more serious issue than ever. Unfortunately, lot of young consumers of news, particularly high school students, cannot really distinguish fake news from the real even though they claim they are confident in doing so. It is especially dangerous when they consume news actively from social media without a good set of news literacy skills and strongly developed critical mind, making it easy for them to be duped by fake news. An educational social platform app - Spot the Fake has been designed to strengthen 4 key news literacy skills for its users. The app provides step-by-step training with a scaffolding approach as well as opportunities for students to investigate and share suspicious news articles with others on the platform. As students' progress in the app, their ranking as the fake news buster will be improved.

Option B: Match Pawfection

An Android app that connects adopters with the perfect pet waiting for adoption Millions of animals are currently in shelters and foster homes awaiting adoption. Design an experience that will help connect people looking for a new pet with the right companion for them. Help an adopter find a pet which matches their lifestyle, considering factors including breed, gender, age, temperament, and health status.

Users will establish their profiles of lifestyle & personal preferences with a quiz during on-boarding, and the app will provide pet recommendations based on how well the animals match with the profiles as well as proximity. Users can also determine if the animals match with what they are looking for by envisioning the pets' behaviors in different context with the app through contacting caretakers of animals directly, viewing videos of animals in their profiles as well as an augmented reality view.

Objectives

The objective of this assignment is for students to apply the concepts learnt to a real-life situation and to develop a mobile application with a very specific functionality.

Students are expected to develop an overall marketing plan including

- Market / PEST / SWOT (Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities, and Threats) Analysis (15 points)
- Benchmark examples what are others doing well as an example? (5 points)
- Mobile App Goals/Objectives Specific to the sector (5 points)
- Persona(s)/Target Audience(s) Description of the personas no less than 2 (10 points)
- Strategies and Tools/Platforms Strengths, Opportunities for introduction and reasoning behind the implementation of each platform? (15 points)
- Timing for the different marketing efforts that the company needs to develop to promote the app (5 points)
- Roles and Responsibilities who should do what? (2 points)



- A mockup of the decision trees of the application and how the user is going to move through the app (UX and Interface) (8 points)
- Critical Response Plan what should be in it? (10 points)
- Monitoring and Measuring: what to measure? What analytics? What tools to use? (10 points)
- Social Media Campaign Recommended campaign, explanation, strategy, examples w
 with at least 3 sample posts per social media platform; can use the templates. (15
 points)

Guidelines

- The submission of final assessment(s) will take place in week 11.
- The recommended format is Times New Roman font size 12 or Arial 11 with 1.5 spacing and page numbers on all pages except the title page. As technology advances, we can consider more creative designs, but these must be discussed with the promotor.
- Students must upload a PDF version on the VLE platform. Each student is expected to submit their own copy. No late submissions will be accepted.

General rules:

- You are expected to use APA referencing style both in-text and on a reference page.
 Reference ALL THE SOURCES that you have used. Failure to do so will result in penalties in summative assessment 2.
- Please do NOT use abbreviations or personal pronouns in academic writing. Failure to do so will result in -10% of your final grade of the assignment
- Please do NOT start sentences with AND, SO, BUT, OR, ALSO in English.
- Please keep in the words limitation of 2000 words without Annexes.
- Include your name on ALL the pages.
- ✓ Business case 30%,
- ✓ App concept and functionality 30%
- ✓ Marketing strategies 30%
- ✓ Style of writing (e.g. clarity), references 10%

Evaluation Rubric

	Fail	Poor	Good	Very good	Excellent	Exceptional
Category	0%-49%	50%-59%	60%-69%	70%-79%	80-89%	90%-100%
Cognitive	Largely	Limited attempt	Some critical	Sound critical	Excellent	Outstanding
and	descriptive	at critical	evaluation	evaluation	critical	critical
intellectual	work, with	evaluation and	and analysis	and analysis	evaluation	evaluation and
skills	superficial use	analysis of	of concepts	of concepts.	and analysis	analysis of
	of critical	concepts and	and	Is selective in	of concepts	concepts and
Critical	evaluation and	principles,	principles,	the range of	and principles	principles.
evaluation	analysis of	tending towards	though	evidence	leading to	
and analysis	concepts and	description.	descriptive in	used and	logical,	Uses evidence
of concepts	principles.		parts.	synthesizes	evidence-	exceptionally
and	Weak	Some evidence		rather than	based,	well to connect
principles;	development of	to support	An emerging	describes.	reasoned	ideas, and
argument and	arguments and	arguments and	awareness of		arguments	support highly
judgement;	judgement.	judgements but	the limits of	Ability to	and	logical and
the limits of		these may be	their	devise	judgements.	persuasive
their	Information	underdeveloped,	knowledge	arguments	Explicit	arguments and
knowledge,	accepted	with a little	and ability to	that show	recognition of	judgements.



and how this	uncritically,	inconsistency or	use evidence	awareness of	other stances	
influences	uses	failure to fully	to support the	different	and a strong	Evidence of
their analyses	generalized	recognize limits	argument	stances and	awareness of	independent
and	statements	of knowledge.	though with	use evidence	the limits of	thought and
interpretations	made with		some	convincingly	their	ability to 'see
	scant evidence		tendency to	to support	knowledge.	beyond the
	and		assert/state	appropriate		question,'
	unsubstantiated		opinion rather	and valid	A capacity for	suggesting a
	opinions.		than argue	judgement.	independent	clear grasp of
			based on		thought and	the broader field
	Ideas are		reason and		ability to 'see	and wider
	sometimes		evidence.		beyond the	concepts.
	illogical and				question,'	Perceptive
	contradictory.		Mostly valid		suggesting	recognition of
			arguments		some grasp	the limits of
			and logical		of the broader	their
			judgement.		field and	knowledge, and
					wider	how this
					concepts.	influences their
D (1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	D 11 /	A 1 .				analysis.
Practical skills	Rudimentary	An adequate	A good and	A very good	Advanced	Exceptional
Apply	application of	awareness and	appropriate	application of	application of	levels of
Apply underlying	established methods.	mostly appropriate	application of established	a range of established	a range of established	application and deployment
	materials, tools	application of	methods,	methods,	methods,	skills using
concepts and	and/ or	established	materials,	materials,	materials,	established
principles more widely	technique s but	methods,	tools and/ or	tools and/ or	tools and/or	methods.
outside the	without	materials, tools	techniques.	techniques.	techniques.	materials, tools
context in	consideration	and/ or	Clear	Good	The context	and/or
which they	and	techniques.	appreciation	consideration	of the	techniques.
were first	competence.	teeriniques.	of the context	of the context	application is	tooriiiquos.
studied; use a	competence.	Basic	of the	of the	well	Consistent,
range of	Flawed	appreciation of	application.	application,	considered,	accurate and
established	appreciation of	the context of	Consistent,	with	and insightful.	logical
techniques.	the context of	the application.	accurate and	perceptive	J	application of
1	the application.		logical	insights.	Consistent,	theory to
Propose		Theoretical	application of	J	accurate and	practice,
solutions to	Weak	knowledge and	theory to	Consistent,	logical	making highly
problems	understanding	understanding	practice,	accurate and	application of	developed links
arising	of the	applied in	making	logical	theory to	between the
from analysis.	application of	practice, but not	appropriate	application of	practice,	two.
	theory to	always making	links between	theory to	making well-	
	practice, with	logical links	the two.	practice,	developed	Can identify
	only occasional	between the		making	links between	routine and
	evidence of	two.	Can identify	appropriate	the two.	non-routine
	making		problems and	links between		problems and
	appropriate	Can identify	propose	the two. Can	Can identify	propose quite
	links between	problems and	mostly	identify	problems and	sophisticated,
	the two.	propose basic	appropriate	problems and	propose	creative
	Mook problem	solutions outside	solutions	propose	excellent,	solutions
	Weak problem-	the context in	outside the	appropriate	creative	outside the
	solving skills outside the	which they were first studied.	context in	solutions outside the	solutions outside the	context in which they were first
	context in	mai siuuleu.	which they were first	context in	context in	studied.
	which they		studied.	which they	which they	วเนนเ ซ น.
	were first		Judicu.	were first	were first	
	studied.			studied.	studied.	
	otadica.			Evidence of	otadica.	
				some		
				creativity.		
Transfer able	Communication	Can	Can	Can	Can	Can
. ו מווטוטו מטופ	Communication	Juli	Juli	Juli	Juli	Jan



medium is poorly designed and/or not suitable for the audience. Work is poorly presented in a disjointed manner. It is loosely, and at times incoherently, structured, with information and ideas often poorly expressed. Weak use of language and/or inappropriate style. Flawed approach to group work, meeting only partial obligations to others. Limited evidence of the skills for employment requiring the exercise	communicate in a suitable medium for the audience but with some room for improvement. Mostly ordered presentation and structure in which relevant ideas/ concepts are expressed. Work may lack coherence in places. Can work as part of a group, meeting most obligations to others but with limited involvement in group activities. Demonstrates the basic skills for employment requiring the exercise	communicate effectively in a suitable medium for the audience but may have minor errors. Mostly coherent, organised work, in a suitable structure and is clearly expressed. Can work effectively independently and/or as part of a team, with clear contribution to group activities. Demonstrates the skills for employment requiring the exercise of personal responsibility and decision- making, with some areas of strength and some of minor difficulty.	communicate well, confidently and consistently in a suitable medium for the audience. Work is coherent, fluent, well- structured, and organised. Can work very well autonomously and/or as part of a team, with very good contribution to group activities. Demonstrates very good skills for employment requiring the exercise of personal responsibility and decision- making, with just occasional minor	communicate profession ally confidently and consistently in a suitable medium for the audience. Work is coherent, very fluent and is presented proficiently. Can work autonomously with initiative. Where relevant can work profession ally within a team, showing leadership skills as appropriate, and meeting obligations. Demonstrates excellent skills for employment requiring the exercise of personal responsibility and decision-	communicate with an exception ally high level of professionalism, highly suitable for the audience. Work is exceptionally coherent, very fluent and is presented professionally. Can work exceptionally well within a team, showing leadership skills. Demonstrates exceptional skills for employment requiring the exercise of personal responsibility and decision- making and an appetite for further development.
		minor	occasional	responsibility	
	poorly designed and/or not suitable for the audience. Work is poorly presented in a disjointed manner. It is loosely, and at times incoherently, structured, with information and ideas often poorly expressed. Weak use of language and/or inappropriate style. Flawed approach to group work, meeting only partial obligations to others. Limited evidence of the skills for employment requiring the	poorly designed and/or not suitable for the audience. Work is poorly presented in a disjointed manner. It is loosely, and at times incoherently, structured, with information and ideas often poorly expressed. Weak use of language and/or inappropriate style. Flawed approach to group work, meeting only partial obligations to others. Limited evidence of the skills for employment requiring the	poorly designed and/or not suitable for the audience. Work is poorly presented in a disjointed manner. It is loosely, and at times incoherently, structured, with information and ideas often poorly expressed. 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4.3. Class Activities

4.3.1 Activity 1:

If we know that the formula is

$CLT = [$M-$R] \times [(1+d)]/[(1+d-r)]$

Where:

- M Contribution per period from active customers. Contribution = sales price variable costs
- R Retention spending per period per active customer
- r Retention rate (fraction of current customers retained each period)
- d Discount rate per period



We know that HBO charges about \$19.95 per month. Variable costs are about \$1.50 per account per month. Marketing spending is about \$6 per year. Their attrition is only about .5 per month. We knew that they have low attrition, or good retention rate at a monthly discount rate of one percent. What is the customer lifetime value?

Let's consider a scenario. If HBO reduces marketing retention spending by half, they expect attrition will go up by one percent. So, they're reducing their spending, so they're going to get higher attrition rates because retention rate is going to go down. Should they do it?

5. Module Requirements

A. Core Readings List

- 1. Alekseeva, N., Stroganova, O., & Vasilenok, V. (2019, September). Identifying Trends in the Development of Marketing in the Digital Age. *In International Conference on Digital Technologies in Logistics and Infrastructure (ICDTLI 2019).* Atlantis Press.
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- 4. Duong, V. (2019). SEO Management (1st ed.). Wiley. https://www.perlego.com/book/1323968/seo-management-methods-and-techniques-to-achieve-success-pdf
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- 7. Hua, H. (2019). Mobile Marketing Management (1st ed.). Taylor and Francis. https://www.perlego.com/book/1602007/mobile-marketing-management-case-studies-from-successful-practices-pdf
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- 9. Papagiannis, N. (2020). Effective SEO and Content Marketing (1st ed.). Wiley. https://www.perlego.com/book/1353566/effective-seo-and-content-marketing-the-ultimate-guide-for-maximizing-free-web-traffic-pdf
- López García, J. J., Lizcano, D., Ramos, C. M., & Matos, N. (2019). Digital Marketing Actions That Achieve a Better Attraction and Loyalty of Users: An Analytical Study. Future Internet, 11(6), 130.
- 11. Rosário, A., & Raimundo, R. (2021). Consumer Marketing Strategy and E-Commerce in the Last Decade: A Literature Review. Journal of Theoretical & Applied Electronic Commerce Research, 16(7), 3003–3024. https://doi.org/10.3390/jtaer16070164
- 12. Tong, S., Luo, X., & Xu, B. (2020). Personalized Mobile Marketing Strategies. *Journal of the Academy of Marketing Science*, 48(1), 64-78.
- 13. Scholz, J., & Duffy, K. (2018). We Are at Home: How Augmented Reality Reshapes Mobile Marketing and Consumer-brand Relationships. *Journal of Retailing and Consumer Services*, 44, 11-23.
- 14. van Laer, T., & Lurie, I. (2018). The Seven Stages of the Digital Marketing Cycle. Contemporary Issues in Digital Marketing: New Paradigms, Perspectives and Practices (2018).



15. van Heerde, H. J., Dinner, I. M., & Neslin, S. A. (2019). Engaging the Unengaged Customer: The Value of a Retailer Mobile App. *International Journal of Research in Marketing*, 36(3), 420-438.

B. Supplementary Reading List

- Bâra, A., Oprea, S.-V., Bucur, C., & Tudorică, B.-G. (2023). Unraveling the Impact of Lockdowns on E-commerce: An Empirical Analysis of Google Analytics Data during 2019–2022. Journal of Theoretical & Applied Electronic Commerce Research, 18(3), 1484–1510. https://doi.org/10.3390/jtaer18030075
- 2. Deiss, R., Henneberry, R. (2017). Digital Marketing for Dummies. For Dummies.
- 3. Fard, M. H., & Marvi, R. (2019). Viral Marketing and Purchase Intentions of Mobile Applications Users. International Journal of Emerging Markets.
- 4. Hanlon, A. (2019). Digital Marketing: Strategic Planning & Integration. SAGE Publications Limited.
- 5. McDonald, M., Hugh Wilson. How to Prepare Them, How to Use Them. Willey. 2011.
- 6. Park, E. (2019). Motivations for Customer Revisit Behavior in Online Review Comments: Analyzing the Role of User Experience Using Big Data Approaches. Journal of Retailing and Consumer Services, 51, 14-18.
- 7. Rauschnabel, P. A., Felix, R., & Hinsch, C. (2019). Augmented Reality Marketing: How Mobile AR-apps Can Improve Brands Through Inspiration. Journal of Retailing and Consumer Services, 49, 43-53.
- 8. Saura, J. R., Palos-Sanchez, P. R., & Correia, M. B. (2019). Digital Marketing Strategies Based on the E-business Model: Literature Review and Future Directions. In Organizational Transformation and Managing Innovation in the Fourth Industrial Revolution (pp. 86-103). IGI Global.
- 9. Tuten, Tracy. Principles of marketing for a digital age. Thousand Oaks, CA. 2019.

C. General Rules for Submitting Written Assignments

Prior to the assessment and grading, all homework assignments submitted via Virtual Learning Environment (VLE) are checked for <u>plagiarism</u> with the software embedded to the system. Before turning in the first assignment each student is responsible to familiarise him/herself with the <u>Plagiarism Handbook</u> available in the VLE.

Written assignments should generally be typewritten and will only be marked and graded if they are submitted via <u>VLE</u> by the requested time. **Late submissions will not be accepted under any circumstances!** Being virtually absent shall not be an accepted excuse for <u>not submitting</u> the required homework for the following session.

<u>Technical issues</u>: the VLE system works functionally well and technical issues almost non-existent. Failure to submit the assignment on a timely basis is typically a result of a misuse of the VLE instructions or simply a missed deadline.

In case a student experiences issues with the submission of a particular assignment, an email should be sent <u>before the submission deadline</u> to the lecturer (with a copy to the Academic Coordinator) along with the screenshot of the technical issue. Each case will be thoroughly investigated, and the ultimate decision will be made by the Academics Department whether the homework should be accepted for evaluation and grading.

D. Attendance

80% attendance is compulsory. Students who miss more than 20% of classes without a justified reason (e.g. medical certificate) will automatically fail the module.

All appointments, including regular medical appointments, should be scheduled outside of class time, as any absence will affect the participation component of the module evaluation. If you are ill and you cannot attend a class, you will need to fill in the Absence Excuse form and provide a valid certificate from a credible medical institution. Under no circumstances, the lecturer is involved into consideration of absence excuses. This responsibility lies with the Academic Coordinator and the Academic Committee. Please refer to the **Academic Policies and Student Guidelines** for further information.

Students who are late (not more than the first 10 minutes) will be allowed to enter the classroom upon the consideration of a lecturer meaning that if a lecturer started the class and believes that those arriving late may disturb the class, he/she has a right not to allow any late students to enter the classroom. Students who are more than 10 minutes late should NOT be allowed to enter the classroom until the next break. In case the student is not allowed to enter the classroom in the first part of the class or is late more than 10 min, then the attendance will be rated at 50% or a half class. This margin of time is not applicable after the mid-class break, i.e. students coming late or not returning after the break, will not be allowed into the class and/or will get documented only 50% of presence. Continuous late arrivals by a student gives the lecturer the right to dismiss that student from their class, with a failing grade.

Note: As entering in the middle of a class session disrupts the entire class and is regarded as disrespectful, students should strictly adhere to the rules. Arriving late or leaving early will be noted and the total time of absences will be calculated by applying the same corresponding rules for continuous tardiness.

